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CL GROUP (HOLDINGS) LIMITED

昌利（控股）有限公司

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

(Stock code: 8098)

ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2026

CHARACTERISTICS OF GEM OF THE STOCK EXCHANGE OF HONG KONG LIMITED (THE “STOCK EXCHANGE”)

GEM has been positioned as a market designed to accommodate companies to which a high investment risk may be attached than other companies listed on the Stock Exchange. Prospective investors should be aware of the potential risks of investing in such companies and should make the decision to invest only after due and careful consideration. The greater risk profile and other characteristics of GEM mean that it is a market more suited to professional and other sophisticated investors.

Given the emerging nature of companies listed on GEM, there is a risk that securities traded on GEM may be more susceptible to high market volatility than securities traded on the Main Board and no assurance is given that there will be a liquid market in the securities traded on GEM.

This announcement, for which the directors (the “Directors”) of CL Group (Holdings) Limited (the “Company”) collectively and individually accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange (the “GEM Listing Rules”) for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Company. The Directors, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this announcement is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or this announcement misleading.

HIGHLIGHTS

- The Group's total revenue and investment income for the year ended 31 March 2026 was approximately HK\$39.4 million (2025: approximately HK\$39.1 million), representing an increase of approximately 0.8% from that of the year ended 31 March 2025.
- The Group's loss before tax for the year ended 31 March 2026 amounted to approximately HK\$21.4 million (2025: approximately HK\$0.5 million).
- The Group's loss attributable to the owners of the Company amounted to approximately HK\$23.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: approximately HK\$2.7 million).
- Basic and diluted loss per share for the year ended 31 March 2026 were approximately HK1.05 cents (2025: HK0.12 cents) and approximately HK1.05 cents (2025: HK0.12 cents) respectively.
- No dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026 was proposed (2025: Nil).

FINAL RESULTS

The board of Directors (the “Board”) is pleased to present the consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively the “Group”) for the year ended 31 March 2026 (the “Financial Year”) together with comparative figures for the year ended 31 March 2025, as follows:

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the year ended 31 March 2026

	<i>Notes</i>	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Revenue	4	43,866,390	40,183,093
Net gain(loss) on trading of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)		164,630	(208,672)
Net loss on derecognition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”)		(3,654,521)	—
Net change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL		(552,383)	(250,617)
Net change in fair value of investment properties		(439,720)	(659,668)
Net other income, gains and losses	5(a)	480,853	584,857
Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal	5(b)	(38,946,449)	(21,564,358)
Administrative expenses		(22,012,293)	(17,432,558)
Finance costs	7	(348,574)	(1,177,640)
Loss before tax	8	(21,442,067)	(525,563)
Income tax expenses	9	(1,676,305)	(2,133,381)
Loss for the year attributable to owners		(23,118,372)	(2,658,944)

	<i>Notes</i>	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Other comprehensive income (expense) for the year, net of income tax			
<i>Items that are reclassified or may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss:</i>			
Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations		119,629	(195,473)
Fair value change in debt instruments at FVTOCI		(111,127)	181,622
Net loss on derecognition of debt instruments at FVTOCI		3,527,296	—
		3,535,798	(13,851)
Total comprehensive expense attributable to owners of the Company for the year		<u>(19,582,574)</u>	<u>(2,672,795)</u>
Loss per share			
— Basic	<i>11</i>	<u>(1.05) cents</u>	<u>(0.12) cents</u>
— Diluted	<i>11</i>	<u>(1.05) cents</u>	<u>(0.12) cents</u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

At 31 March 2026

	<i>Notes</i>	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Non-current assets			
Plant and equipment		269,313	143,468
Investment properties		7,940,100	7,935,020
Right-of-use assets		1,274,013	2,972,697
Other assets		1,730,000	1,730,000
Loans receivable	<i>13</i>	1,029,122	22,892,035
Rental and utility deposits		—	649,689
Financial assets at FVTOCI		41,881	500
Financial assets at FVTPL		10,216	—
Deferred tax assets		3,013,674	2,879,828
		15,308,319	39,203,237
Current assets			
Trade receivables	<i>12</i>	105,689,459	118,640,549
Loans receivable	<i>13</i>	29,495,353	30,423,379
Other receivables, deposits and prepayments		789,535	176,749
Financial assets at FVTOCI		149,520	471,061
Financial assets at FVTPL		6,925,282	288,959
Tax refundable		531,120	1,297,030
Pledged bank deposit		5,000,000	5,000,000
Bank balances and cash — trust accounts		33,521,491	26,156,164
Bank balances and cash — general accounts		12,177,294	11,277,168
		194,279,054	193,731,059
Current liabilities			
Trade payables	<i>14</i>	35,316,358	28,505,512
Other payables and accruals	<i>15</i>	9,585,209	9,019,652
Borrowings	<i>16</i>	2,350,000	10,968,832
Lease liability — due within one year		1,318,896	1,674,359
Income tax payables		793,204	1,577,275
		49,363,667	51,745,630
Net current assets		144,915,387	141,985,429

	<i>Note</i>	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>160,223,706</u>	<u>181,188,666</u>
Non-current liabilities			
Lease liability — due after one year		—	1,318,896
Deferred tax liabilities		<u>800,238</u>	<u>863,728</u>
		<u>800,238</u>	<u>2,182,624</u>
Net assets		<u><u>159,423,468</u></u>	<u><u>179,006,042</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	<i>17</i>	22,000,000	22,000,000
Reserves		<u>137,423,468</u>	<u>157,006,042</u>
Total equity		<u><u>159,423,468</u></u>	<u><u>179,006,042</u></u>

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the year ended 31 March 2026

	Share capital HK\$	Share premium HK\$	Merger reserve HK\$	Fair value through other comprehensive income reserve HK\$	Capital reserve HK\$	Exchange reserve HK\$	Retained profits/ (Accumulated losses) HK\$	Attributable to owners of the Company HK\$
At 1 April 2024	22,000,000	130,931,993	32,500,000	(13,371,976)	(112,519)	(50,228)	9,781,567	181,678,837
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	(2,658,944)	(2,658,944)
Other comprehensive income/(expense)	—	—	—	181,622	—	(195,473)	—	(13,851)
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	—	—	—	181,622	—	(195,473)	(2,658,944)	(2,672,795)
At 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	22,000,000	130,931,993	32,500,000	(13,190,354)	(112,519)	(245,701)	7,122,623	179,006,042
Loss for the year	—	—	—	—	—	—	(23,118,372)	(23,118,372)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	3,416,169	—	119,629	—	3,535,798
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	—	—	—	3,416,169	—	119,629	(23,118,372)	(19,582,574)
At 31 March 2026	22,000,000	130,931,993	32,500,000	(9,774,185)	(112,519)	(126,072)	(15,995,749)	159,423,468

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2026

1. GENERAL

The Company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands as an exempted company with limited liability and its shares are listed on GEM of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“Stock Exchange”). The address of its registered office is Cricket Square, Hutchins Drive, P.O. Box 2681, Grand Cayman, KY1-1111, Cayman Islands, and its principal place of business is Room 16B, 16/F, Bank of East Asia Harbour View Centre, 56 Gloucester Road, Wanchai, Hong Kong.

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong Dollars (“HK\$”), which is also the functional currency of the Company.

The principal activities of the Company and its subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the “Group”) are the provision of securities, futures and options brokering and trading, loan financing services, placing and underwriting services, securities advisory services and investment holding.

The ultimate holding company of the Group is Zillion Profit Limited, a private company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands with limited liability. Its ultimate controlling party is Ms. Au Suet Ming Clarea (“Ms. Au”).

2. APPLICATION OF NEW AND AMENDMENTS TO HKFRS ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

Amendments to an HKFRS Accounting Standard that are mandatorily effective for the current year

In the current year, the Group has applied the following amendments to an HKFRS Accounting Standard (the “HKFRSs”) as issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (the “HKICPA”) for the first time, which are mandatorily effective for the Group’s annual period beginning on 1 April 2025 for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements:

Amendments to HKAS 21

Lack of Exchangeability

The application of these amendments to an HKFRS Accounting Standard in the current year has had no material impact on the Group’s financial positions and performance for the current and prior years and/or on the disclosures set out in these consolidated financial statements.

New and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but not yet effective

The Group has not early applied the following new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards that have been issued but are not yet effective:

Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments ²
Amendments to HKFRS 9 and HKFRS 7	Contracts Referencing Nature-dependent Electricity ²
Amendments to HKFRS 10 and HKAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture ¹
Amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards	Annual Improvements to HKFRS Accounting Standards-Volume 11 ²
Amendments to HKAS 21 HKFRS 18	Translation to a Hyperinflationary Presentation Currency ³ Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements ³

¹ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after a date to be determined

² Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2026

³ Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027

Except for the new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards mentioned below, the directors of the Company anticipate that the application of all other new and amendments to HKFRS Accounting Standards will have no material impact on the consolidated financial statements in the foreseeable future.

HKFRS 18 “Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements”

HKFRS 18, which sets out requirements on presentation and disclosures in financial statements, will replace HKAS 1 “Presentation of Financial Statements”. This new HKFRS Accounting Standard, while carrying forward many of the requirements in HKAS 1, introduces new requirements to present specified categories and defined subtotals in the statement of profit or loss; provide disclosures on management-defined performance measures (MPMs) in the notes to the financial statements and improve aggregation and disaggregation of information to be disclosed in the financial statements. In addition, some HKAS 1 paragraphs have been moved to HKAS 8 “Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors” (the title of which will be changed to Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements upon effective of HKFRS 18) and HKFRS 7 “Financial Instruments Disclosures”. Minor amendments to HKAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows” and HKAS 33 “Earnings per Share” are also made.

HKFRS 18, and consequential amendments to other standards, will be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2027, with early application permitted. The application of the new standard is not expected to have significant impact on the financial performance and positions of the Group in terms of recognition and measurement. However, it is expected to affect the structure and presentation of the consolidated statement of profit or loss and disclosures in the future financial statements. The Group is in the process of assessing the detailed impact of HKFRS 18 on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

3. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION

Statement of compliance

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with HKFRSs issued by the HKICPA. In addition, the consolidated financial statements include applicable disclosures required by the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on GEM of the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and by the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. Material accounting policy information adopted by the Group are detailed below.

Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for those stated otherwise, as explained in the accounting policies set out below.

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for goods and services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. In estimating the fair value of an asset or a liability, the Group takes into account the characteristics of the asset or liability if market participants would take those characteristics into account when pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. Fair value for measurement and/or disclosure purposes in these consolidated financial statements is determined on such a basis, except for share-based payment transactions that are within the scope of HKFRS 2 Share-based Payment, leasing transactions that are accounted for in accordance with HKFRS 16, and measurements that have some similarities to fair value but are not fair value, such as net realisable value in HKAS 2 Inventories or value in use in HKAS 36 Impairment of Assets.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurements are categorised into Level 1, 2 or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The principal accounting policies are set out below.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities (including structured entities) controlled by the Company and its subsidiaries. Control is achieved when the Company:

- has power over the investee;
- is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee; and
- has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.

The Group reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control listed above.

Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement of profit or loss from the date the Group gains control until the date when the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests. Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the Company and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with the Group's accounting policies.

All intragroup assets and liabilities, equity, income, expenses and cash flows relating to transactions between members of the Group are eliminated in full on consolidation.

4. REVENUE

An analysis of the Group's revenue for the year is as follows:

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Recognised at a point in time		
Commission and brokerage fees from securities dealing on the Stock Exchange	6,218,186	4,847,295
Placing and underwriting commission	9,531,372	1,511,355
Commission and brokerage fees from dealing in futures contracts	58,580	143,806
Commission income from securities advisory services	246,000	—
Clearing and settlement fee	5,438,889	1,930,788
Handling service and dividend collection fees	714,321	957,119
Other sources income		
Interest income from		
— margin client	16,565,740	18,218,874
— loan client	3,475,370	10,808,059
— cash client	1,097,125	847,826
— authorised financial institutions	458,608	899,291
— others	62,199	18,680
	<u>43,866,390</u>	<u>40,183,093</u>

Note: Income recognised at “a point in time” is revenue arising from HKFRS 15, while interest income are under the scope of HKFRS 9.

See note 6 for an analysis of revenue by major services.

5. (a) NET OTHER INCOME, GAINS AND LOSSES

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Dividend income	674	159,052
Net exchange (loss) gain	(6,638)	22,686
Rental income	150,929	230,709
Sundry income	335,888	172,410
	<u>480,853</u>	<u>584,857</u>

(b) IMPAIRMENT LOSSES UNDER EXPECTED CREDIT LOSS MODEL, NET OF REVERSAL

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Impairment loss on trade receivables under ECL model	(9,927,611)	(10,870,446)
Impairment loss on loans receivable under ECL model	(31,060,640)	(19,186,630)
Recovery of trade receivables	1,562,696	5,745,327
Recovery of loans receivable	479,106	2,747,391
	<u>(38,946,449)</u>	<u>(21,564,358)</u>

6. BUSINESS AND GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

Information reported to the Board, being the chief operating decision maker (“CODM”), for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance, focuses on types of services provided. In addition, for ‘Securities, futures and options brokering and trading’, ‘Placing and underwriting’, ‘Loan financing’, ‘Securities advisory service’ and ‘Investment holding’, the information reported to the Board is further analysed based on the different classes of customers.

Specifically, the Group’s reportable segments under HKFRS 8 are as follows:

Securities, futures and options brokering and trading	Provision of securities and futures brokering services and margin financing
Placing and underwriting	Provision of placing and underwriting services
Loan financing	Provision of money lending service
Securities advisory service	Provision of securities advisory service
Investment holding	Investment income and capital appreciation

The reportable segments have been identified on the basis of internal management reports prepared in accordance with accounting policies conforming to HKFRSs that are regularly reviewed by the CODM.

Segments profit represents profit earned by each segment without allocation of net other income, gains and losses, central administration costs and finance costs. This is the basis of measurement reported to the CODM for the purposes of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

Business segments

Segment revenues and results

The following is an analysis of the Group's revenue and results by reportable segments:

	2026					
	Securities, futures and options brokering and trading HK\$	Placing and underwriting HK\$	Loan financing HK\$	Securities advisory service HK\$	Investment holding HK\$	Consolidated HK\$
Segment revenues						
— Recognised at a point in time	12,429,976	9,531,372	—	246,000	—	22,207,348
— Other sources income	18,128,144	—	3,475,521	—	55,377	21,659,042
	<u>30,558,120</u>	<u>9,531,372</u>	<u>3,475,521</u>	<u>246,000</u>	<u>55,377</u>	<u>43,866,390</u>
Segment results	<u>9,097,867</u>	<u>9,029,077</u>	<u>(29,255,721)</u>	<u>28,023</u>	<u>(4,992,464)</u>	(16,093,218)
Net other income, gains and losses						480,179
Unallocated administrative expenses						(5,521,489)
Finance cost						<u>(307,539)</u>
Loss before tax						(21,442,067)
Income tax expenses						<u>(1,676,305)</u>
Loss for the year						<u>(23,118,372)</u>

	Securities, futures and options brokering and trading HK\$	Placing and underwriting HK\$	Loan financing HK\$	Securities advisory service HK\$	Investment holding HK\$	Consolidated HK\$
Segment revenues						
— Recognised at a point in time	7,879,008	1,511,355	—	—	—	9,390,363
— Other sources income	<u>19,931,995</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>10,808,235</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>52,500</u>	<u>30,792,730</u>
	<u>27,811,003</u>	<u>1,511,355</u>	<u>10,808,235</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>52,500</u>	<u>40,183,093</u>
Segment results	<u>18,844,781</u>	<u>1,047,984</u>	<u>(10,373,092)</u>	<u>(201,086)</u>	<u>(1,676,167)</u>	7,642,420
Net other income, gains and losses						(1,951,923)
Unallocated administrative expenses						(5,038,420)
Finance cost						<u>(1,177,640)</u>
Loss before tax						(525,563)
Income tax expenses						<u>(2,133,381)</u>
Loss for the year						<u>(2,658,944)</u>

Revenue reported above represents revenue generated from external customers. There were no inter-segment transactions during the year (2025: HK\$Nil).

Segment results represent the profit earned by each segment without allocation of net other income, gains and losses, unallocated administrative expenses and finance costs. This is the measure reported to the CODM for the purpose of resources allocation and performance assessment.

Segment assets and liabilities

	2026					
	Securities, futures and options brokering and trading <i>HK\$</i>	Placing and underwriting <i>HK\$</i>	Loan financing <i>HK\$</i>	Securities advisory service <i>HK\$</i>	Investment holding <i>HK\$</i>	Consolidated <i>HK\$</i>
Assets						
Segment assets	142,434,818	—	30,963,984	—	17,017,992	190,416,794
Unallocated assets						<u>19,170,579</u>
Total assets						<u><u>209,587,373</u></u>
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	38,534,059	—	90,286	—	7,616,726	46,241,071
Unallocated liabilities						<u>3,922,834</u>
Total liabilities						<u><u>50,163,905</u></u>
	2025					
	Securities, futures and options brokering and trading <i>HK\$</i>	Placing and underwriting <i>HK\$</i>	Loan financing <i>HK\$</i>	Securities advisory service <i>HK\$</i>	Investment holding <i>HK\$</i>	Consolidated <i>HK\$</i>
Assets						
Segment assets	148,590,783	—	53,755,434	—	10,618,944	212,965,161
Unallocated assets						<u>19,969,135</u>
Total assets						<u><u>232,934,296</u></u>
Liabilities						
Segment liabilities	38,718,346	—	100,286	—	7,362,428	46,181,060
Unallocated liabilities						<u>7,747,194</u>
Total liabilities						<u><u>53,928,254</u></u>

For the purposes of monitoring segment performance and allocating resources between segments:

- all assets are allocated to reportable segments other than part of other receivables, deposits and prepayments, tax refundable, pledged bank deposit and bank balances and cash-general accounts. Assets used jointly by segments are allocated on the basis of the revenues earned by individual segments; and
- all liabilities are allocated to reportable segments other than part of other payables, accruals, borrowings, income tax payables and deferred tax liabilities. Liabilities for which segments are jointly liable are allocated in proportion to segment assets.

Other information

	2026						Consolidated HK\$
	Securities, futures and options brokering and trading HK\$	Placing and underwriting HK\$	Loan financing HK\$	Securities advisory service HK\$	Investment holding HK\$	Unallocated HK\$	
Additions to plant and equipment	226,282	—	—	—	—	—	226,282
Depreciation of plant and equipment	47,277	—	540	—	52,620	—	100,437
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	—	—	—	—	—	1,698,684	1,698,684
Impairment loss on loans receivable under ECL model	—	—	31,060,640	—	—	—	31,060,640
Impairment loss on trade receivables under ECL model	9,927,611	—	—	—	—	—	9,927,611
Recovery of trade receivables	(1,562,696)	—	—	—	—	—	(1,562,696)
Recovery of loans receivable	—	—	(479,106)	—	—	—	(479,106)

	2025						Consolidated HK\$
	Securities, futures and options brokering and trading HK\$	Placing and underwriting HK\$	Loan financing HK\$	Securities advisory service HK\$	Investment holding HK\$	Unallocated HK\$	
Additions to plant and equipment	54,999	—	—	—	—	—	54,999
Addition to right-of-use assets	—	—	—	—	—	3,397,368	3,397,368
Depreciation of plant and equipment	27,864	—	540	—	52,620	—	81,024
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	—	—	—	—	—	2,040,834	2,040,834
Impairment loss on loans receivable under ECL model	—	—	19,186,630	—	—	—	19,186,630
Impairment loss on trade receivables under ECL model	10,870,446	—	—	—	—	—	10,870,446
Recovery of trade receivables	(5,745,327)	—	—	—	—	—	(5,745,327)
Recovery of loans receivable	—	—	(2,747,391)	—	—	—	(2,747,391)

Geographical information

No separate analysis of segment information by geographical segment is presented as the Group's revenue and non-current assets are principally attributable to a single geographical region, which is Hong Kong.

Information on major customers

One major customer of the Group accounted for approximately 5.5% (2025: 11.5%) of the total revenue during the year ended 31 March 2026. No other single customer contributed 10% or more to the Group's revenue for both years.

7. FINANCE COSTS

	2026	2025
	<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Interest on borrowings	41,035	631,754
Interest on other loan	—	209,041
Interest on shareholder loan	181,898	270,000
Interest expense on lease liabilities	125,641	66,845
	<u>348,574</u>	<u>1,177,640</u>

8. LOSS BEFORE TAX

	2026	2025
	<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Loss before tax has been arrived at after charging (crediting):		
Staff costs (including Directors' emoluments)	7,730,701	6,782,428
Auditor's remuneration	570,000	570,000
Depreciation of plant and equipment	100,437	81,024
Depreciation of right-of-use assets	1,698,684	2,040,834
	<u>100,000</u>	<u>1,000,000</u>
Gross rental income from investment properties	(150,929)	(230,709)
Less: direct operating expenses from investment properties that generated rental income during the year	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	<u>(150,929)</u>	<u>(230,709)</u>

9. INCOME TAX EXPENSES

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Hong Kong Profits Tax		
— current year	1,920,082	1,544,587
Deferred tax		
— current year	<u>(243,777)</u>	<u>588,794</u>
	<u>1,676,305</u>	<u>2,133,381</u>

Under the two-tiered profits tax rates regime, the Hong Kong Profits Tax of the qualifying group entity is calculated at 8.25% (2025: 8.25%) on the first HK\$2,000,000 of the estimated assessable profits and at 16.5% (2025: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits above HK\$2,000,000. The profits of other group entities not qualifying for the two-tiered profits tax rates regime will continue to be taxed at a flat rate of 16.5% (2025: 16.5%).

The tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the loss before tax per the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income as follows:

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Loss before tax	<u>(21,442,067)</u>	<u>(525,563)</u>
Tax at the domestic income tax rate of 16.5% (2025: 16.5%)	(3,537,941)	(86,718)
Tax effect of expenses not deductible for tax purpose	755,301	2,994,963
Tax effect of income not taxable for tax purpose	(2,788,125)	(782,677)
Tax effect of temporary difference not recognised	(122,495)	(907,275)
Tax effect of tax loss not recognised	7,573,246	1,149,397
Tax effect of tax reduction	(3,000)	(1,500)
Tax effect of two-tiered tax rate	(165,000)	(165,000)
Effect of different tax rates of subsidiaries operating in other jurisdictions	<u>(35,681)</u>	<u>(67,809)</u>
Tax expenses for the year	<u>1,676,305</u>	<u>2,133,381</u>

At 31 March 2026, the Group had estimated tax losses of HK\$88,979,633 (2025: HK\$44,895,963) available for offset against future profits. The Group recognises a deferred tax asset related to unrealised loss on financial assets at FVTPL, depreciation allowances in excess of the related depreciation and impairment losses under expected credit loss model to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised and a deferred tax liability for fair value change on investment properties.

10. DIVIDEND

No dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026 was paid or proposed during the year ended 31 March 2026, nor has any dividend been proposed since the end of the reporting period (2025: HK\$Nil per share was paid or proposed).

11. LOSS PER SHARE

	2026	2025
	<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Loss for the year attributable to owners of the Company	<u>23,118,372</u>	<u>2,658,944</u>
Number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic loss per share	2,200,000,000	2,200,000,000
Effect of dilutive potential ordinary shares: Share options of the Company	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
Number of ordinary shares for the purposes of diluted loss per share	<u>2,200,000,000</u>	<u>2,200,000,000</u>

The calculation of basic and diluted loss per share is based on the Group's loss attributable to the owners of the Company of HK\$23,118,372 (2025: HK\$2,658,944) and ordinary shares of 2,200,000,000 (2025: 2,200,000,000) in issue during the year. Diluted loss per share for the years ended 31 March 2026 and 2025 was the same as the basic loss per share as there were no dilutive potential ordinary shares in issue for both years.

12. TRADE RECEIVABLES

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Trade receivables from the business of dealing in securities:		
— Cash clients	7,360,772	10,243,436
— Margin clients	90,944,225	105,120,860
— Clearing houses and brokers	5,575,330	1,835,493
Trade receivables from the business of dealing in futures contracts:		
— Clearing clients	1,799,942	1,427,150
— Floating	9,190	13,610
	<u>105,689,459</u>	<u>118,640,549</u>

The settlement terms of trade receivables arising from the business of dealing in securities by cash clients are two days after the trade date and trade receivables arising from the business of dealing in futures contracts is one day after the trade date.

The trade receivables from cash clients relate to a wide range of customers for whom there was no recent history of default. These receivables are supported by their portfolios of securities. Cash clients are required to place cash deposits as prescribed in the Group's credit policy before execution of any purchase transactions. Based on past experience and current assessment, management believes that no impairment allowance is necessary in respect of these balances as there has not been any significant change in credit quality and the balances are considered fully recoverable.

Margin clients are required to pledge securities as collateral to the Group in order to obtain credit facilities for securities trading. The amount of credit facilities granted to them is determined by the discounted value of securities accepted by the Group. At 31 March 2026, all margin loans due from margin clients were current and repayable on demand and none past due but not impaired (2025: Nil).

The aging analysis of trade receivables based on the trade date/invoice date and net of impairment loss, as at the reporting date is as follow:

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Margin clients balances:		
No due date	90,944,225	105,120,860
Past due but not impaired	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	90,944,225	105,120,860
Cash clients balances:		
No due date	7,360,772	10,243,436
Past due	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	7,360,772	10,243,436
Other balances:		
Not yet due (within 30 days)	7,384,462	3,276,253
Past due	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>
	7,384,462	3,276,253
	<u>105,689,459</u>	<u>118,640,549</u>
Provision of impairment loss on trade receivables:		
	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Margin client balances (before impairment)	119,255,080	126,230,618
Impairment loss:		
Balance at beginning of the year	21,109,758	15,984,639
Impairment loss under ECL model for the year	9,927,611	10,870,446
Written off	(1,163,818)	—
Recovery during the year	(1,562,696)	(5,745,327)
Balance at the end of year	28,310,855	21,109,758
Margin client balances (after impairment)	<u>90,944,225</u>	<u>105,120,860</u>

Impairment loss under ECL model

An analysis of changes in the corresponding ECL allowances is as follows:

	Stage 1 <i>HK\$</i>	Stage 2 <i>HK\$</i>	Stage 3 <i>HK\$</i>	Total <i>HK\$</i>
As at 1 April 2024	—	3,660,735	12,323,904	15,984,639
Provision for ECL for the year	—	4,928,971	5,941,475	10,870,446
Recovery during the year	—	(292,598)	(5,452,729)	(5,745,327)
Transfer to stage 3	—	(2,760,572)	2,760,572	—
As at 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	—	5,536,536	15,573,222	21,109,758
Provision for ECL for the year	—	2,831,318	7,096,293	9,927,611
Recovery during the year	—	(1,466,121)	(96,575)	(1,562,696)
Written off	—	—	(1,163,818)	(1,163,818)
Transfer to stage 3	—	(908,746)	908,746	—
As at 31 March 2026	<u>—</u>	<u>5,992,987</u>	<u>22,317,868</u>	<u>28,310,855</u>

To minimise the Group's exposure to credit risk, the management is responsible for the evaluation of the customers' credit ratings, financial background and repayment abilities. Management has set up credit limit for each individual customer, which is subjected to regular review. Any extension of credit beyond the approved limit has to be approved by relevant level of management on an individual basis according to the amount exceeded. The Group has a policy for reviewing impairment of trade receivables which do not have sufficient collateral and those with default or delinquency in interest or principal payment. The assessment is based on an evaluation of the collectability and aging analysis of the accounts and on management's judgement, including current credit-worthiness, collateral's value and past collection history of each customer.

In determining the recoverability of the trade receivables, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the trade receivables from the date when credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The credit risk is considered limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. The significant increase in ECL in 2026 compared to 2025 was primarily attributable to the deterioration in credit quality of margin client's receivables, triggered by adverse market conditions and increased default risks among clients. In addition, the increase also reflects a rise in the volume of margin financing and a higher proportion of Stage 2 and Stage 3 exposures compared to the prior year.

13. LOANS RECEIVABLE

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Loan advanced and interest receivables	<u>30,524,475</u>	<u>53,315,414</u>
Loan advanced and interest receivables (before impairment)	<u>122,454,336</u>	<u>142,887,761</u>
Impairment loss		
Balance at beginning of the year	89,572,347	79,842,250
Impairment loss under ECL model for the year	31,060,640	19,186,630
Written off	(28,224,020)	(6,709,142)
Recovery during the year	<u>(479,106)</u>	<u>(2,747,391)</u>
Balance at the end of the year	<u>91,929,861</u>	<u>89,572,347</u>
Loan advanced and interest receivables (after impairment)	<u>30,524,475</u>	<u>53,315,414</u>
Analysis as:		
Current	29,495,353	30,423,379
Non-current	<u>1,029,122</u>	<u>22,892,035</u>
	<u>30,524,475</u>	<u>53,315,414</u>

As at 31 March 2026, secured loans amounting to HK\$24,026,139 (2025: HK\$20,358,227), net of ECL, were secured by marketable securities listed in Hong Kong, unlisted securities in Hong Kong and first legal or second legal charges in respect of properties or land located in Hong Kong. The fair value of the marketable securities listed in Hong Kong at 31 March 2026 held as collateral was HK\$8,232,665 (2025: HK\$9,366,642), and the Directors of the Group evaluated that the value of other collaterals are sufficient to cover the interests of the Group.

Loans receivable, both current and non-current portions were measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. In accordance with HKFRS 9, these loans receivable will continue to be measured at amortised cost because the criteria of the Solely Payments of Principal and Interest test have been met.

The effective interest rates of the Group's loans receivable are 7.125%–18% per annum (2025: 7.125%–24% per annum).

Provision of impairment loss on loans receivable:

	Stage 1 <i>HK\$</i>	Stage 2 <i>HK\$</i>	Stage 3 <i>HK\$</i>	Total <i>HK\$</i>
As at 1 April 2024	80,666	3,262,551	76,499,033	79,842,250
Arising from loans receivable	91,794	12,491,209	6,603,627	19,186,630
Recovery during the year	(6,147)	(226,737)	(2,514,507)	(2,747,391)
Written off	—	—	(6,709,142)	(6,709,142)
Transfer to stage 2	(44,755)	44,755	—	—
Transfer to stage 3	(26,794)	—	26,794	—
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
As at 31 March 2025 and 1 April 2025	94,764	15,571,778	73,905,805	89,572,347
Arising from loans receivable	50,111	1,045,134	29,965,395	31,060,640
Recovery during the year	(20,078)	—	(459,028)	(479,106)
Written off	—	—	(28,224,020)	(28,224,020)
Transfer to stage 2	(18,253)	18,253	—	—
Transfer to stage 3	(50,427)	(13,778,348)	13,828,775	—
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
As at 31 March 2026	<u>56,117</u>	<u>2,856,817</u>	<u>89,016,927</u>	<u>91,929,861</u>

The following significant changes in the gross carrying amounts of loans receivable contributed to the increase in the loss allowance during the year:

- Arising from loans receivable of HK\$50,111 in stage 1, HK\$1,045,134 in stage 2 and of HK\$29,965,395 in stage 3, resulting in an increase in loss allowance of HK\$31,060,640. During the year, the Group has recorded recoveries of HK\$20,078 from stage 1, HK\$Nil from stage 2 and HK\$459,028 from stage 3.

To minimise the Group's exposure to credit risk, the management is responsible for the evaluation of the customers' credit ratings, financial background and repayment abilities. Management has set up credit limit for each individual customer, which is subjected to regular review. Any extension of credit beyond the approved limit has to be approved by relevant level of management on an individual basis according to the amount exceeded. The Group has a policy for reviewing impairment of loans receivable which do not have sufficient collateral and those with default or delinquency in interest or principal payment. The assessment is based on an evaluation of the collectability and aging analysis of the accounts and on management's judgement, including current credit-worthiness, collateral's value and past collection history of each customer.

In determining the recoverability of the loans receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of the loans receivable from the date when credit was initially granted up to the reporting date.

14. TRADE PAYABLES

	2026	2025
	<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Trade payables from the business of dealing in securities:		
— Cash clients	15,381,902	6,174,115
— Margin clients	16,423,628	9,176,965
— Clearing houses and brokers	233,124	9,758,727
Trade payables from the business of dealing in futures contracts:		
— Margin clients	<u>3,277,704</u>	<u>3,395,705</u>
	<u>35,316,358</u>	<u>28,505,512</u>

The settlement terms of trade payables arising from the business of dealing in securities are two days after trade date, and trade payables arising from the business of dealing in futures contracts are one day after trade date. No aging analysis is disclosed as in the opinion of the Directors, the aging analysis does not give additional value in view of the short period for payment.

Included in the trade payables to cash clients and margin clients attributable to dealing in securities and futures contracts transaction is an amount of HK\$33,521,491 (2025: HK\$26,156,164) representing these clients' undrawn monies/excess deposits placed with the Group. The balances are repayable on demand.

15. OTHER PAYABLES AND ACCRUALS

	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Accrued charges	1,573,332	1,305,837
Stamp duty, trading levies and trading fee payables	1,084,177	1,041,892
Other payables (<i>Note</i>)	<u>6,927,700</u>	<u>6,671,923</u>
	<u>9,585,209</u>	<u>9,019,652</u>

All accrued expenses and other payables are expected to be settled within one year.

Note: The other payables included HK\$1,500,000 (2025: HK\$1,500,000) of refundable earnest money received from independent third parties.

16. BORROWINGS

	<i>Notes</i>	2026 <i>HK\$</i>	2025 <i>HK\$</i>
Secured bank loans	(a)	—	6,468,832
Shareholder loan	(b)	<u>2,350,000</u>	<u>4,500,000</u>
		<u>2,350,000</u>	<u>10,968,832</u>

Notes:

- (a) Secured revolving loan of HK\$Nil (2025: HK\$Nil) was drawn under the banking facilities of HK\$17,000,000 (2025: HK\$17,000,000). No outstanding bank overdraft as at 31 March 2026 (2025: HK\$6,468,832). This overdraft facility is secured by a fixed bank deposit amounting to HK\$5,000,000 (2025: HK\$5,000,000).
- (b) Shareholder loan of HK\$2,350,000 (2025: HK\$4,500,000) carries interest at the rate of 6% per annum (2025: 5% per annum), and the Group is required to repay the loan on or before 31 March 2027 (2025: on or before 31 March 2026).

The Company provided a corporate guarantee to support these banking facilities to its subsidiaries.

The banking facilities are subject to the fulfilment of covenants. If the Group was to breach the covenants, the drawn down facility would become payable on demand.

The effective interest rate on the bank loans is equal to the contracted interest rate.

17. SHARE CAPITAL

	Number of Ordinary shares of HK\$0.01 each	<i>HK\$</i>
Authorised: At 1 April 2024, 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	<u>5,000,000,000</u>	<u>50,000,000</u>
Issued and fully paid: At 1 April 2024, 31 March 2025, 1 April 2025 and 31 March 2026	<u>2,200,000,000</u>	<u>22,000,000</u>

18. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain comparative figures have been reclassified or restated to conform with the current year's presentation.

MARKET REVIEW

The Hong Kong stock market exhibited a distinct “trough-to-peak” pattern throughout the period under review. The market began the year in a relatively subdued state but experienced a significant revival in the latter half. This recovery was primarily driven by accommodative monetary policies implemented in both China and the United States, interest rate reductions, and a series of market stabilization measures introduced by Mainland authorities. These developments substantially improved market sentiment, stimulated trading activity, and resulted in the establishment of several new market records.

The Hong Kong IPO market demonstrated remarkable performance in 2025, with total fundraising reaching approximately HK\$285.8 billion across 119 new listings, representing a substantial year-on-year increase of over 225% and positioning Hong Kong as the world's top IPO fundraising venue globally. This positive momentum continued strongly into the first quarter of 2026, with IPO fundraising reaching approximately HK\$109.9 billion across 40 new listings — a nearly six-fold increase compared to the same period of the previous year and marking the strongest first-quarter performance in the past five years.

BUSINESS REVIEW

Revenue

The Group's total revenue and investment income for the year was approximately HK\$39.4 million, as compared with approximately HK\$39.1 million in 2025, representing an increase by approximately 0.8% or approximately HK\$0.3 million. The breakdown of revenue and investment income by business activities of the Group is set out below:

	Year ended 31 March 2026		Year ended 31 March 2025		Increase/ (decrease)
	HK\$	%	HK\$	%	%
Revenue					
Commission and brokerage fees from securities dealing on the Stock Exchange	6,218,186	14.2	4,847,295	12.1	28.3
Commission and brokerage fees from dealing in futures contracts	58,580	0.1	143,806	0.4	(59.3)
Placing and underwriting commission	9,531,372	21.7	1,511,355	3.8	530.7
Commission income from securities advisory services	246,000	0.6	—	—	100.0
Clearing and settlement fee	5,438,889	12.4	1,930,788	4.8	181.7
Handling service and dividend collection fees	714,321	1.6	957,119	2.4	(25.4)
Interest income from					
— margin clients	16,565,740	37.8	18,218,874	45.3	(9.1)
— loan clients	3,475,370	7.9	10,808,059	26.9	(67.8)
— cash clients	1,097,125	2.5	847,826	2.1	29.4
— authorised financial institutions	458,608	1.0	899,291	2.2	(49.0)
— others	62,199	0.2	18,680	0.0	233.0
	<u>43,866,390</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>40,183,093</u>	<u>100.0</u>	9.2
Net gain/(loss) on trading of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (“FVTPL”)	164,630	(3.7)	(208,672)	18.6	(178.9)
Net loss on derecognition of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (“FVTOCI”)	(3,654,521)	81.6	—	—	100.0
Net change in fair value of financial assets at FVTPL	(552,383)	12.3	(250,617)	22.4	120.4
Net change in fair value of investment properties	(439,720)	9.8	(659,668)	59.0	(33.3)
	<u>(4,481,994)</u>	<u>100.0</u>	<u>(1,118,957)</u>	<u>100.0</u>	300.6
	<u>39,384,396</u>		<u>39,064,136</u>		0.8

Securities and Futures Brokerage

Revenue from Securities and Futures Brokerage represent commission and brokerage fee and other fees including interest derived from cash and margin securities or futures accounts and interest from IPO financing.

The commission and brokerage fee from securities dealing increased by approximately 28.3% from approximately HK\$4.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$6.2 million for the year ended 31 March 2026.

The total value of transactions for securities dealing increased by approximately 54.8% from approximately HK\$83,745.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$129,618.6 million for the year ended 31 March 2026. As a result, income relating to clearing and settlement fees and handling services also increased by approximately 181.7% from approximately HK\$1.9 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$5.4 million for the year ended 31 March 2026.

The commission and brokerage fees from dealing in futures contracts decreased by approximately 59.3% from approximately HK\$0.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$0.1 million for the year ended 31 March 2026.

The interest income derived from margin securities accounts for the year ended 31 March 2026 was approximately HK\$16.6 million represents a decrease of approximately 9.1% from that of the year ended 31 March 2025 amounting approximately HK\$18.2 million.

Loan and Financing

The Group holds Money Lenders Licence to engage in money lending business for providing loan and financing to customers. During the reporting period, CLC Finance Limited, the Company's wholly-owned subsidiary, provides loan and financing service to customers. The interest income derived from providing loan and finance to customers for the year ended 31 March 2026 was approximately HK\$3.5 million (2025: approximately HK\$10.8 million).

Our money lending business's main target customers are high net worth individuals and corporations. As at 31 March 2026, the total number of borrowers was 27 (2025: 29). The details of our clients are as below:

Types of clients	Number of clients	
	2026	2025
Individuals	17	19
Corporations	10	10
	<u>27</u>	<u>29</u>

Our corporate clients were principally engaged in investment holding and service industry and were operated in Hong Kong.

The loans granted were for a term from 2 months to 156 months. The details of the loan repayment are as below:

	2026	2025
	<i>HK\$</i>	<i>HK\$</i>
Within 12 months	29,495,353	30,423,379
Within 13–60 months	853,714	8,113,471
Over 60 months	175,408	14,778,564
	<u>30,524,475</u>	<u>53,315,414</u>

The interest rates charged were in the range of 7.125% to 18% per annum (2025: 7.125% to 24% per annum). Approximately 78.7% of the loans receivable are secured by marketable securities listed in Hong Kong, unlisted securities in Hong Kong and first legal charge or second legal charges in respect of properties or land located in Hong Kong (2025: approximately 38.2%). The largest borrower represented approximately 47.0% (2025: approximately 39.7%) of our entire loan portfolio and the top 5 borrowers constituted approximately 95.2% (2025: approximately 88.1%) of the loan portfolio. During the year the impairment loss on loans receivable under expected credit loss model amounting approximately HK\$31.1 million (2025: approximately HK\$19.2 million) due to delinquency in interest or principal payment. The recoveries of the impairment loss on loans receivable under expected credit loss during the year under review amounting approximately HK\$0.5 million (2025: approximately HK\$2.7 million).

The credit risk assessment of customers we conducted involves obtaining land search, valuation report from banks on properties and valuation check on the marketable securities; ascertaining the financial condition of the customers including reviewing income/asset proof of individual customers and financial information of corporate customers; and conducting litigation searches and credit search on customers. The loan terms are determined with reference to factors including customers' requirements; result of credit assessment of customers, including whether regular income of customers are sufficient to cover loan repayment instalments; value of collaterals; past collection history and relevant forward-looking information of each customer.

The Group has adopted the procedures on monitoring loan repayment and recovery which involve the finance department of the Group performing financial analysis such as comparatives and outstanding loans, and valuation review of pledged assets and reporting to the executive directors at least monthly. In respect of delinquent loans, we will first issue standard demand letters. If no satisfactory response is received, we will instruct solicitors to issue formal legal demand letters. Thereafter formal legal proceedings may be issued where appropriate.

Placing and Underwriting Business

Under normal circumstances, the Group acts as an underwriter or a sub-underwriter or a placing agent or a sub-placing agent on best effort basis for fund-raising activities. It would take the role on underwritten basis only if it received special requests from the issuers and/or their respective placing and underwriting agents.

During the year ended 31 March 2026, the placing and underwriting commission increased by approximately 530.7% from approximately HK\$1.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$9.5 million for the year ended 31 March 2026.

Investment Holding

The Group maintained a investment portfolio included the holding of listed and unlisted equity securities, debt instruments and film right. The value of portfolio of listed and unlisted equity securities and debt instruments as at 31 March 2026 portfolio was approximately HK\$7.1 million (2025: approximately HK\$0.8 million). Net profit on trading of financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$0.2 million (2025: net loss of approximately HK\$0.2 million), net loss in fair value change of financial assets at FVTPL of approximately HK\$0.6 million (2025: approximately HK\$0.3 million) and net loss in fair value change of financial assets at FVTOCI of approximately HK\$0.1 million (2025: net gain of approximately HK\$0.2 million).

The Group owns 4 office units in Shenzhen. The market values of those units as at 31 March 2026 amounting approximately HK\$7.9 million (2025: approximately HK\$7.9 million).

Net other income, gains and losses

Net other income, gains and losses for the year ended 31 March 2026 were approximately HK\$0.5 million (2025: approximately HK\$0.6 million). The decrease in net gains were mainly attributed to the decrease of dividend income and rental income during the year.

Impairment losses under expected credit loss model, net of reversal

Recoveries of trade and loans receivable under expected credit loss (“ECL”) model for the year ended 31 March 2026 were approximately HK\$1.6 million and approximately HK\$0.5 million, respectively (2025: approximately HK\$5.8 million and HK\$2.7 million). The reversal of impairment loss of loans receivable due to the Group’s recovery of trade and loans receivable for the year ended 31 March 2026.

The impairment loss on trade and loans receivable under ECL model were provided for approximately HK\$9.9 million and HK\$31.1 million respectively for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: HK\$10.9 million and HK\$19.2 million respectively).

The Group has a policy for reviewing impairment of loans receivable which do not have sufficient collateral and those with default or delinquency in interest or principal payment. The assessment is based on an evaluation of the collectability and aging analysis of the accounts and on management's judgement, including current credit-worthiness, collateral's value and past collection history of each customer.

The Group categorised doubtful loans receivable into Stage 1, Stage 2 and Stage 3. Stage 1 loans had been overdue repayments but the amount of collateral were sufficient to cover the outstanding amounts. Stage 2 loans had been overdue repayments and the amount of collateral were not sufficient to cover the outstanding amounts but there was adequate evidence to show that the borrowers had sufficient resources to repay the outstanding amount. Stage 3 loans had been overdue repayments and the amount of collateral were not sufficient to cover the outstanding amounts and there was no evidence to show that the borrowers had sufficient resources to repay the outstanding amount. The impairment loss based on the expected credit loss assessments prepared by an independent valuer engaged by the Group.

Movements of the different stages of loans receivable were set out on page 26 of the result announcement. Loans receivable in the total amount of approximately HK\$30.0 million (2025: approximately HK\$6.6 million) were categorised as Stage 3 as the borrowers had failed to respond to legal demand letters during the period and the Group recognised total loss of such outstanding receivables, which represented 4 loans to 2 borrowers which had been outstanding between 3 to 5 years.

Administrative Expenses

Administrative expenses for the year ended 31 March 2026 were approximately HK\$22.0 million (2025: approximately HK\$17.4 million) representing an increase of approximately 26.3%. As the total value of transaction for securities dealing increased for the year ended 31 March 2026, the related expenses such as CCASS charges and the payment of commission increased for the year compared with the corresponding period of 2025. The depreciation of plant and equipment and right-of-use assets were approximately HK\$0.1 million and HK\$1.7 million respectively for the year ended 31 March 2026 (2025: approximately HK\$0.1 million and HK\$2.0 million). Total staff costs were approximately HK\$7.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2026 as compared to approximately HK\$6.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025. Furthermore, general expenses were under tighter cost control during the year.

Liquidity, Financial Resources and Capital Structure

The Group financed its operations by shareholders' equity and cash generated from operations.

The Group maintained approximately HK\$12.2 million of bank deposit, bank balances and cash in general accounts as at 31 March 2026. This represented an increase of approximately 8.0% as compared with the position as at 31 March 2025 of approximately HK\$11.3 million. Most of the Group's cash and bank balances in general accounts were denominated in HK dollars.

The net current assets of the Group increased from approximately HK\$142.0 million as at 31 March 2025 to approximately HK\$144.9 million as at 31 March 2026 which represents an increase of approximately 2.1%. The current ratio of the Group as at 31 March 2026 was approximately 3.9 times (2025: approximately 3.7 times).

The gearing ratio is calculated as total indebtedness divided by total capital. Total indebtedness is total borrowings (including bank borrowings and shareholder loan). Total capital is calculated as "equity", as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. At the end of the reporting period, the Group's gearing ratio is approximately 1.5% (2025: approximately 6.1%).

Taking into consideration the existing financial resources available to the Group, it is anticipated that the Group should have adequate financial resources to meet its ongoing operating and development requirements.

Charge on Group Assets and Guarantee

As at 31 March 2026, certain bank deposits of the Group's subsidiaries in the aggregate amount of HK\$5.0 million (2025: HK\$5.0 million) were pledged and corporate guarantee from the Company for securing overdraft and revolving loan facilities amounted to HK\$29.0 million (2025: HK\$29.0 million) issued by the banks to the Group. As at 31 March 2026, approximately HK\$29.0 million of the banking facilities were not utilised (2025: HK\$22.5 million).

Contingent liabilities

As at 31 March 2026, the Group had no material contingent liabilities (2025: Nil).

Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2026, the Group had no capital commitments, contracted but not provided for in the consolidated financial statements (2025: Nil).

Staff and remuneration policies

The Group believes that staff is our most valuable asset, they are encouraged to pursue excellence at work and career development. We encourage staff to maintain healthy balance between work and life, and communicate with staff to enhance staff morale and their sense of belonging.

Total staff costs (including Directors' emoluments) were approximately HK\$7.7 million for the year ended 31 March 2026 as compared to approximately HK\$6.8 million for the year ended 31 March 2025.

Remuneration is determined based on the individual's qualification, experience, position, job responsibility and market conditions. Salary adjustments and staff promotion are based on evaluation of staff performance by way of annual review, and discretionary bonuses would be paid to staff with reference to the financial performance of the Group of the preceding financial year. Other benefits include contributions to statutory mandatory provident fund scheme to its employees in Hong Kong, share options that may be granted under the share option scheme.

Future plans for material investments or capital assets

As at 31 March 2026, the Group had no plans for material investments or acquisition of capital assets, but will actively pursue opportunities for investments to enhance the profitability of the Group in its ordinary course of business.

Material Acquisitions of subsidiaries and affiliated companies

The Group has not made any material acquisitions and disposal of subsidiaries and associated companies. As at 31 March 2026 and up to the date of this announcement, the Group did not hold any significant investment.

Significant Investment

As at 31 March 2026, there was no significant investment held by the Group.

Foreign exchange exposure

The Group's business is principally conducted in Hong Kong dollars, the Directors consider that potential foreign exchange exposure of the Group is limited.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit Risk

Credit risk exposure represents loans to customer, trade receivables from brokers, clients and clearing houses which principally arise from our business activities. The Group has a credit policy in place and the credit risk is monitored on an on-going basis.

For trade receivables from clients, normally clients are required to settle the amount within 2 days (T+2). Responsible officers will regularly review the overdue balance. The credit risk arising from the trade receivables from clients is considered as small.

For trade receivables from margin clients, normally the Group obtains securities and/or cash deposits as collateral for providing margin financing to clients. Receivables from margin clients are repayable on demand. Market conditions and the adequacy of collateral of each margin clients are monitored by responsible officers on a daily basis. Margin calls and forced liquidation are required when necessary.

For trade receivables from brokers and clearing houses, the Group considered that credit risk is low as those brokers and clearing houses are registered with regulatory bodies.

In order to minimise the credit risk of loans receivable, the management of the Group has delegated a team responsible for determination of credit limits, credit approvals and other monitoring procedures to ensure that follow-up action is taken to recover overdue loans receivable, if any. In addition, the Group reviews the recoverable amount of each individual loans receivable at the end of the reporting period to ensure that adequate impairment losses are made for irrecoverable amounts. In this regard, the Directors of the Company consider that the Group's loans receivable credit risk is significantly reduced.

The Group does not provide any guarantees which would expose the Group to credit risk.

Liquidity Risk

The Group is subject to the statutory liquidity requirements as prescribed by the regulators. The Group has a monitoring system to ensure that it maintains adequate liquid capital to fund its business commitments and to comply with the Securities and Futures (Financial Resources) Rules (Cap.571N of the Laws of Hong Kong).

The Group has maintained stand-by banking facilities to meet any contingency in its operations. The Board believes that the Group's working capital is adequate to meet its long and short term financial obligations.

Foreign Exchange Risk

Certain assets of the Group's business are denominated in foreign currencies which expose the Group to foreign currency risk. The Group currently does not have a foreign currency hedging policy. However, the management monitors foreign exchange exposure and will consider hedging significant foreign currency exposure should the need arise.

OUTLOOK

Following the United States' implementation of reciprocal tariffs in 2025 and the outbreak of the US-Israel military operation against Iran in February 2026, international equity markets experienced heightened volatility, particularly in the first quarter of 2026. Initial sharp sell-offs driven by tariff uncertainties and fears over Strait of Hormuz disruptions were later moderated by the U.S. Supreme Court ruling on tariffs and a conditional ceasefire in early April.

Tariff and geopolitical risks are expected to persist in the coming quarters, sustaining uncertainty around global growth and inflation. Nevertheless, markets have demonstrated resilience, supported by monetary easing and strong corporate earnings in select sectors. The Group will continue to grow its brokerage business and placing and underwriting business by broadening clients base including attracting customers affected by the closure of local securities firms to open accounts and provide different financial services in our Group. The Group will also strengthening our trading platform. The Group will continue to put efforts on expanding the margin and loan financing business and securities advisory service and on satisfying the needs of our customers.

The Group aims to become a leading financial service group in Hong Kong. The Group will continue looking for any potential business opportunities to bring in new sources of income and to further increase the profitability of the Group.

DIRECTORS' INTERESTS IN A COMPETING BUSINESS

For the year ended 31 March 2026, the Directors are not aware of any business or interest of the Directors, the controlling shareholder(s) of the Company and their respective close associates (as defined under the GEM Listing Rules) that compete or may compete with the business of the Group and any other conflict of interest which any such person has or may have with the Group.

SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS BY DIRECTORS

The Company has adopted the code of conduct for securities transactions by the Directors on terms no less exacting than the required standard of dealings set out in Rules 5.48 to 5.67 of the GEM Listing Rules. The Company had made specific enquiry to all the Directors and the Directors have confirmed compliance with this code of conduct throughout the financial year ended 31 March 2026. No incident of non-compliance was noted by the Company during this period.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

The Group is committed to promoting high standards of corporate governance. The Directors of the Company believe that sound and reasonable corporate governance practices are essential for the growth of the Group and for safeguarding the shareholders' interests and the Group's assets.

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2026, the Company has complied with all the code provisions set out in the Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") contained in Appendix 15 of the GEM Listing Rules, except for the deviations as explained below.

Pursuant to the code provision C.2.1, the roles of Chairman and CEO should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. The division of responsibilities between the Chairman and CEO should be clearly established and set out in writing.

The Group currently has no chairman. The daily operation and management of the Group is monitored by CEO and executive Directors.

The Board is of the view that although there is no chairman, the balance of power and authority is ensured by the operation of the Board, which comprises experienced individuals who would meet from time to time to discuss issues affecting operation of the Group. This arrangement can still enable the Group to make and implement decisions promptly, and thus achieve the Group's objectives efficiently and effectively in response to the changing environment.

The Group will, at the appropriate time, arrange for the election of the new chairman of the Board.

Under CG Code Provision F.2.2, the chairman of the Board did not attend the annual general meeting held on 11 August 2025. The Group currently has no chairman, Mr. Kwok Kin Chung, chief executive officer and executive Director, was elected to chair the annual general meeting.

PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF SHARES

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's listed securities during the year ended 31 March 2026.

FINAL DIVIDEND AND CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS

No dividend for the year ended 31 March 2026 was proposed.

The AGM of the Company is scheduled to be held on Monday, 3 August 2026. For determining the entitlement to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, the register of members of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, 29 July 2026 to Monday, 3 August 2026, both day inclusive, during which period no transfer of shares will be effected. In order to be eligible to attend and vote at the forthcoming AGM, all transfers of shares, accompanied by the relevant share certificates, must be lodged with the Company's branch share registrars in Hong Kong, Tricor Investor Services Limited at 17/F, Far East Financial Centre, 16 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong, for registration not later than 4:30 p.m. on Tuesday, 28 July 2026.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Company set up an audit committee (the "Committee") on 21 February 2011, with written terms of reference in compliance with the GEM Listing Rules, for the purpose of reviewing and providing supervision over the financial reporting process and internal control of the Group. The Committee comprises three independent non-executive directors of the Company, namely Mr. Poon Wing Chuen, Ms. Lau Ka Nam and Mr. Lam Tsz Shing. The audited consolidated results of the Group for the year ended 31 March 2026 have been reviewed by the Committee, which was of the opinion that the preparation of such results complied with the applicable accounting standards, the Stock Exchange and legal requirements, and that adequate disclosures have been made.

SCOPE OF WORK OF CONFUCIUS INTERNATIONAL CPA LIMITED

The figures in respect of the preliminary announcement of the Group's results for the year ended 31 March 2026 have been agreed by the Group's auditor, Confucius International CPA Limited, to the amounts set out in the Group's audited consolidated financial statements for the year. The work performed by Confucius International CPA Limited in this respect did not constitute an assurance engagement in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing, Hong Kong Standards on Review Engagements or Hong Kong Standards on Assurance Engagements issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and consequently no assurance has been expressed by Confucius International CPA Limited on the preliminary announcement.

By Order of the Board
CL Group (Holdings) Limited
Kwok Kin Chung
Executive Director

Hong Kong, 26 June 2026

As at the date of this announcement, the Company's executive directors are Mr. Kwok Kin Chung (Chief Executive officer), Mr. Lau Kin Hon and Ms. Yu Linda, and the Company's independent non-executive directors are Mr. Poon Wing Chuen, Ms. Lau Ka Nam and Mr. Lam Tsz Shing.

This announcement will remain on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk on the "Latest Listed Company Information" page for at least 7 days from the date of its posting and on the website of the Company at www.cheonglesec.com.hk.